### Section 1: Administrative Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Assessor:</th>
<th>Job Title:</th>
<th>Date of Assessment:</th>
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</thead>
</table>

### Section 2: Activity/Task

**Activity /Task**
Provision of an MRI service

**Risk:**
Occupational exposure to electromagnetic fields (EMF)

**Area affected:**
MRI

**Source of Risk (Background):**
Three types of electromagnetic field are employed in MRI, and each is associated with physiological effects.

- Exposure to strong static magnetic fields, particularly when there is rapid motion of the head, is associated with transient sensory effects such as vertigo, nausea, and a metallic taste. These effects resolve once the movement stops or the affected person is removed from the field. There are no known longer-term health consequences. These effects can only occur if an individual is very close to the magnet.
- Exposure to the switched magnetic field gradients used in MRI can result in peripheral nerve stimulation, which at sufficiently high levels of exposure can result in intolerable pain. This can only occur if an individual is inside the scanner or very close to the bore of the magnet (within 0.5-1 m) while imaging is taking place.
- Exposure to RF magnetic fields can result in excessive tissue heating. In practical terms, this can only occur if an individual is inside the scanner during imaging.

The Control of Electromagnetic Fields at Work Regulations 2016 [1] place an obligation on employers to assess occupational EMF exposure, perform risk assessments, put appropriate control measures in place, and provide workers with appropriate information and training.

The Regulations contain exposure limit values (ELVs) for occupational exposure to EMFs, but the development, testing, installation, use and maintenance of, or research related to, MRI equipment for patients in the health sector is exempted from these ELVs, subject to certain conditions. The HSE has also exempted certain MRI activities that do not fall within this definition.

The conditions that apply to the exemptions are as follows.

- The exposure of employees is reduced to the lowest level reasonably practicable*; and
- Employees are protected against the health effects and safety risks arising from their exposure to electromagnetic fields.

There is copious evidence (e.g. Capstick et al 2008) [2] to show that MR workers can exceed the ELVs for time varying magnetic fields when they move around in the vicinity of the MR scanner and if they are close to the scanner (within 0.5-1.0 m) while images are being acquired. There may be exceptional circumstances in which the limits for exposure to RF fields may be exceeded.

*Since the transient physiological effects encountered in MRI only occur above a particular exposure threshold (although this threshold may vary somewhat between individuals), there is no need for further
reduction of exposure below that level. Thus ALARP effectively only applies at exposure levels at which effects may occur, which only arise within approximately 0.5-1 m from the scanner.

**Supporting Evidence:**
Published data on hazards and EMF exposure (e.g. [2]) in MRI. MHRA guidelines on safe use of MRI [3]. HSE guidance on The Control of Electromagnetic Fields at Work Regulations 2016.

**Factors the risk contains:** (if for COSHH include route of exposure, length of exposure time and exposure limits)
Electromagnetic fields.

**Potential Consequence if risk is realised:**
- Transient physiological effects.

### Section 3: Current Control Measures
These risks are well understood by the MRI community and have been managed on a daily basis since the first clinical MRI scanners in the mid 1980s.

MR staff only remain in the scanner room during imaging if it is necessary, e.g. to care for a patient or perform clinical procedures.

MR staff only approach within 1 m of the magnet if it is necessary e.g. for cleaning, testing set-up or operation of the scanner or to perform clinical procedures.

Sensory effects are reduced to the lowest level reasonably practicable by avoiding, where practicable, rapid head movements in close proximity to the scanner and/or being inside or in close proximity to the MRI machine bore during scanning when the gradient and RF fields are applied.

Staff are protected against the health effects and safety risks posed, by inclusion of information about these risks and how to avoid them in MRI safety training.

All staff are screened for anything that might put them at higher risk from exposure to EMFs and are further restricted from exposure if appropriate, for example:
- pregnant staff are not allowed in the MR Environment during scanning (while the gradient magnetic fields are in operation) because of the risk of excessive acoustic noise exposure to the fetus; for this reason workers are encouraged to advise their line manager in writing if they become pregnant;
- staff with implanted medical devices are not allowed to enter the MR Environment.

Where an employee reports experiencing a health effect and that employee is believed to have been exposed to EMFs exceeding any ELV, health surveillance and medical examinations are provided as appropriate.

### Section 4: Risk Rating
*Use the consequence, likelihood and risk score tables in the accompanying guidance to identify the scores below.*

**Consequence Score:**

**Likelihood Score:**

**Risk Score:**

**Initial Risk Grading:**

### Section 5: Risk Reduction Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Options</th>
<th>Revised Risk Score</th>
<th>Cost</th>
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### Section 6: Directorate/Divisional Agreed Actions

<table>
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<tr>
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### Section 7: Risk Grading

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<th>Likelihood</th>
<th>Score</th>
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<tr>
<td>Residual:</td>
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### Section 8: Review

**Risk Owner:**

Planned Review Date:

### Reference

